

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 80]

Note:

- (1) Question 1 is compulsory
- (2) Solve any three questions out of remaining
- (3) Assume suitable data wherever necessary

- Q.1** Solve any four [20]
- (a) Draw and explain in brief the output characteristics of CE configuration.
 - (b) In the Colpitts oscillator, $C_1=0.2\mu\text{F}$ and $C_2=0.02\mu\text{F}$. If the frequency of the oscillator is 10kHz, find the value of the inductor and the required gain
 - (c) Draw and explain in brief: block diagram of typical OP-AMP.
 - (d) Draw and explain in brief: block diagram of the SSB modulation system.
 - (e) Draw and explain basic block diagram of the digital communication system..
- Q.2** (a) Discuss the principle of amplitude modulation .Draw and explain the block diagram of the A M transmitter. [10]
- (b) State necessity of biasing. Draw circuit and explain collector feedback biasing circuit. [10]
- Q.3** (a) Draw the equivalent op-amp circuit and draw and explain the transfer characteristics of Op-Amp. [10]
- (b) In an inverting amplifier the input voltages are 5Vpp and 3Vpp with operating frequency of 3kHz draw the circuit diagram and output waveform for the given input voltages. [10]
- Q.4** (a) Explain Frequency demodulation using Foster–Seely discriminator. [10]
- (b) In a low level AM modulator with a modulation coefficient $m=0.8$ a quiescent gain $A_q=100$, an input carrier frequency $f_c=500\text{kHz}$ with amplitude $V_c=5\text{mV}$, and a 1000Hz modulating signal find the maximum and minimum voltage gains and the respective output voltage. [10]
- Q.5** (a) Determine the deviation ratio and worst-case bandwidth for an FM system with a maximum frequency deviation of 40kHz and a maximum modulating-signal frequency $f_m=10\text{kHz}$. [10]
- (b) Explain: (i) Information (ii) Entropy (iii) Information rate (iv) Channel capacity. [10]
- Q.6** (a) Write Short notes (Any Four) [20]
- (i) comparison of DM and ADM
 - (ii) Summer amplifier.
 - (iii) Schmitt trigger.
 - (iv) Class A Power amplifier